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PRESIDENT VIEWS

5,000 HERO DEAD

Prays Nation Will Never More Be called To Make War.

New York, May 23.—A nation so righteous and so just that "we shall never be called upon to make war so long as God and men rule together," was the prayer of President Harding as late today he reviewed survivors of the World War at a regimental review in Brooklyn.

"It must not be again," was his solemn declaration earlier in the day when he attended a memorial service for 5,000 war dead on the great army piers in Hoboken.

The same theme—spoken before the living and the dead—brought tears to his eyes and to the eyes of those who had followed him thru a day's program crowded with events. At a luncheon of the Academy of Political Science and at a dinner celebrating the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the New York Commercial he had expounded the need of putting the government on a business basis and of reconstructing the nation's business and industry. His audience listened to his every word—attentively, earnestly—but it was at the military functions that he stirred their emotions.

And varied must have been the emotions of the President himself.

Guns Salute Mayflower

First a thrill at the roar of heavy guns as the presidential yacht Mayflower steamed into New York harbor and came to her anchorage amid the salutes of a hundred warcraft in the Hudson. Then the catching in the throat as he arrived in Hoboken at the bivouac of the dead, entered the shed-like piers which served as a temporary tomb for the thousands of brave lads whose flag-covered coffins covered the floors row upon row, and laid upon the casket of a humble private from Michigan—the first American killed on German soil—a wreath that served as a symbol for all the country's war dead.

And later the cheering welcome of children's voices—the voices of tens of thousands of children waiting to greet him as he motored to Brooklyn thru the city's cosmopolitan East Side.

Then a quickening of the pulse when in the 23rd Regiment armory in Brooklyn he saw survivors of the war-torn 106th swing bravely past him, rank after rank, at a review held in his honor.

And finally, the laying aside for a moment of the emotions of the day to lay before his audience the problems that face post-war America in her reconstruction period.

His Day Crowded.

The President's day in the metropolis was so crowded that he had scarcely a moment of rest from the time the Mayflower dropped anchor until he again boarded the yacht late tonight to return to the capital.

New York gave him an enthusiastic welcome. Great crowds cheered him everywhere he went. The greeting that reached his heart, however, was that given by Young America—the 250,000 school children who lined the three miles of the route to the Brooklyn armory.

These children, granted a half holiday, stood in a drizzling rain, waving flags and cheering wildly as the presidential car came in sight. The treble of their childish voices rose in a mighty crescendo that brought radiant smiles from the President and Mrs. Harding.

The youngsters of New York's lower East Side with its polyglot population, gave him the noisiest greeting. Once the President ordered his car stopped while he stepped out into the rain and shook hands with a number of little girls.

"I never knew there were so many children in America," said the President. "It was wonderful."

Boys' Band Serenades.

Another demonstration of youthful patriotism that pleased the President was a serenade by the boys' band of 400 pieces. Returning to his hotel in Manhattan from the regimental review, he ordered his car stopped while he spoke a few words of appreciation to the young musicians.

At the conclusion of the military

review in Brooklyn, the President walked across the hall to a group of fifty-two wounded soldiers from the Fox Hills Hospital, Staten Island. "How are you boys? I wish I could shake you all by the hand," he said.

Mrs. Harding meantime stopped to shake the hand of a paralyzed soldier and her eyes filled with tears as she took a pink rose from her gown and pinned it upon his blouse.

Speaking at the regimental review in Brooklyn, the President said:

"I am very happy to have had the experience of witnessing the make up, and something of the training of this wonderful organization. I can not quite tell you the impressions I have been having while I watched your maneuvers. Somehow, in the wonderful impression you left I knew security for the republic in that assurance which comes of a voluntary military organization which can be perfected as yours has been. If I were a resident of Brooklyn—indeed as a resident and citizen of the republic—I'd join you in pride in the history and in the achievement of the present condition of the 23rd Regiment.

"It has a good deal more to boast than that you began in the Civil War when the union was threatened. There is a good deal more to boast than that you were first on the soil of Belgium, which made the first sacrifice in defense of the world's civilization. The great boast which is yours is that you make a very great offering in the conflict for preserved civilization and are still a well-organized unit today, ready to serve your country when occasion demands. I hope you will never be called.

"Somehow there is a new felling in my breast today—I saw 5,000 soldier dead—somehow there has been a prayer in my heart ever since that there shall be a nation so righteous and just that we shall never be called upon to make war so long as God and men may rule together. I hope you will never be called, but if you are I should only ask that the 23rd serve in the future as it has in the past.

"And another impress came to me today. What a wonderful welcome you gave us in Brooklyn. I don't believe I ever dreamed there were so many children in the United States of America—sweet, rollicking, laughing, hopeful children of the republic. I don't believe anyone with responsibility can ride thru such a company of American childhood as we did this afternoon without having a new resolve in his heart. I have resolved, my fellow Americans, that I wanted the children who hailed us this afternoon to have the same republic, the same liberty, the same rights, the same justice, the same hopes that we inherited from those who went before us. I want them to have our America, free, untrammelled, confident of itself.

"If you have ever had any doubt of the righteousness of the republic, if you have ever had any doubt about the wisdom of the founders, I ask you to turn again to the picture of this afternoon and see these children, garbed in essentially the same raiment, participating in the same salutations, shining with the same laughter, cherishing the same hopes, rising in the hopefulness of youth to the same opportunity in life. Ah, let no one challenge!

"It may be true that some of these children are not prepared to embrace opportunity, but the wonderful thing of America which that opportunity beckons to all these young Americans alike. Ask them to enter into the privileges of the republic. And if you want another picture, find it before me now. When I was making the inspection I was not so much concerned about the shining arms and the way they were kept. I was not quite so much concerned about the insignia on the shoulders of the service men who served so faithfully in the war. I was rather caught by the blend of racial origin in the faces of the men. I saw in this group the citizens and defenders of the republic, who it seemed to me, came from origins across the seas that represent almost every land in the civilized world. Here is youthful fighting America which is the blend of the citizenship of the old world, standing in absolute equality here, ready to defend the republic and its affairs. There is nothing finer than the quality of America. No other land under the sun offers the same reward of merit. Let us keep the America we inherited.

Raymond Gray, William Bean, Herbert Ralph, Otha Lee, Ronald Estes and George Dudley Williams, composed a party of six boys who left here Monday for Pembroke, where they went to spend three weeks picking strawberries. These with numerous other young boys are to be looked after and cared for by representatives of the Y. M. C. A. until their return home.

OWENSBORO DISTRICT QUOTA IS ANNOUNCED

M. E. Ch. S. Charge Quotas and Directors In \$33,000,000 Campaign also named.

Sums to be raised by charges in the Owensboro District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in the Christian Education Movement, from May 29 to June 5, have been announced by W. F. Davidson, who, as financial director for the district, is directing the district effort to raise \$90,000 of the \$1,120,000 which is to be applied largely to the needs of six Kentucky schools and colleges. Mr. Davidson, who will open the appeal Sunday, May 29, in an address at Greenville, also made public the names of the charge directors.

Teams of speakers, organized by local churches, are now acquainting laymen with the purposes of the great \$33,000,000 effort of the Southern denomination to fortify national thought and conscience by building up the resources of Christian educational institutions. Mass-meetings also are being held by the congregations.

The list of charge quotas and directors follow:

Beaver Dam, Luther Chinn, \$3,243; Calhoun, Glover H. Cary, \$5,838; Centerton, L. W. Carlisle, \$1,946; Central City W. A. Grant, \$5,838; Cloverport, D. B. Phelps, \$3,308; Drakesboro, D. D. Duncan, \$1,621; Dundee, J. E. Mitchell, \$1,946; Fordsville, Felix J. Sanders, \$1,751; Greenville Circuit, W. E. Burdette, \$2,819; Greenville Station, C. H. Jagers, \$6,487; Hartford, W. H. Barnes, \$5,190; Hawesville, Ed N. Lamar, \$2,270; Lewisburg, J. V. McReynolds, \$3,243; Lewisport, B. H. Gott, \$2,919; Livermore, A. D. Davis, \$4,531; Maceo, Miss Hattie Hadley, \$2,595; Breckinridge Street, II D. Stein, \$2,168; Owensboro Circuit, J. H. Hicks, \$4,216; Settle Memorial, H. D. R. R. \$7,751; Third Street, R. M. Castland, \$4,531; Woodlawn, W. O. Riccard, \$2,108; Rochester, J. A. Wallace, \$1,621; Sacramento, J. L. Eads, \$3,243; South Carrollton, Mack Furgesoal, \$2,789; Stanley, W. J. Foster, \$2,108; Stephensport, M. L. Wegenist, \$1,865.

The Rev. Dr. Leonidas Robinson, educational secretary of the Louisville Conference and one of the leaders in the present movement says that the benefits to Kentucky institutions will be great. These institutions are Kentucky-Wesleyan College, Winchester; Logan College, Russellville; Morton-Elliott Junior College, Elizabethtown; John C. C. Mayo College, Paintsville; Lindsey-Wilson Training School of Columbia; Marvin University at Clinton.

MRS. W. G. WARD.

Mrs. Annie F. Ward, aged 53 years 7 months and 26 days, wife of W. G. Ward, died at their home near Nocreek church, Tuesday evening at 7:30, after an illness of Bright's disease of some 18 months duration, though the direct cause of death was dilatation of the heart. Funeral services were conducted yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Nocreek M. E. Church, after which interment of the remains took place at the Carson Burying grounds.

Mrs. Ward had been a conscientious Christian and member of the Methodist Church since early in life, a splendid woman, by nature kind and unusually sympathetic. She was the elder of four children born unto Mr. W. P. and Mrs. Sophie Ambrose Bennett, deceased. Besides her husband she is survived by one daughter Mrs. Godfrey Bennett, who with her husband resided with them, also four brothers and two sisters: S. E. Bennett of Decatur, Ala., Mrs. W. S. Tinsley and D. S. Bennett of Hartford and Mrs. Logan Felix and Weaver and Charlie Bennett of Owensboro. The latter three by a second marriage of Mrs. Ward's father.

PICKING BERRIES

Raymond Gray, William Bean, Herbert Ralph, Otha Lee, Ronald Estes and George Dudley Williams, composed a party of six boys who left here Monday for Pembroke, where they went to spend three weeks picking strawberries. These with numerous other young boys are to be looked after and cared for by representatives of the Y. M. C. A. until their return home.

27 PASS IN COMMON SCHOOL EXAMINATION

49 Applicants For Teacher's Certificates In Recent Examination.

In the examination conducted in Beaver Dam, Fordsville and Hartford, May 13-14 for common school diplomas, 58 appeared for the test. Thirty-one disappointments and 27 successes resulted. The tests were considered to have been unusually difficult which accounts for the large number of failures to make the required grade entitling them to the coveted diploma.

Tennyson Payton, of Beaver Dam, headed the list with a percentage of 93 10-11. Those who made the grade entitling them to a diploma were: Edwin C. Blair, Gladys N. Taylor, Clara Hoover, of Hartford; Irene Odell, Mary N. Wilson, Denver Foreman, Mildred DeHaven, of Fordsville; William J. McDaniel, Olafon; Garnett Johnston, Narrows; Elizabeth Robertson, Rockport; Tennyson Payton, Ellis Park, Alton Chian, Henry C. Hier, George R. Taylor, Seibert Mullikin, George Barnes, Estill Hazlewood, Malcom Barnes, Katherine Hier, Beaver Dam. Colored, Marie Hines and Katherine Morris, Hartford.

In the Teachers' examination conducted last Friday and Saturday the 20 and 21st, 49 applicants appeared. As under the law, the Teachers' papers have been forwarded to the State Board of Education, or to the State Superintendent's office, Frankfort, where the grading is done, it will probably be two or three weeks before notices of the result will be announced.

NEXT EXAMINATIONS FOR TEACHERS JUNE 17-18

The next or second examination to be held for Teachers' certificates is to be conducted at Beaver Dam on the third Friday and Saturday, June 17-18. This examination will be for both elementary and State certificates. It will also be the last examination to be held during the year, until the third Friday and Saturday in September, which makes it highly important that all who expect to teach, avail themselves of this opportunity to secure a certificate.

C. E. SMITH ANNOUNCES FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY

Hon. C. E. Smith of Hartford, who is just rounding out his first term of service as Commonwealth's Attorney for this District, has formally announced his candidacy to succeed himself to that important office.

It is the unanimous opinion of those in a position to be acquainted with Mr. Smith's conduct of the affairs of the office during the past five years, that he has been upright, diligent and fearless in the discharge of his duty. Without detracting from the honor of any of the long and able list heretofore serving this District as Commonwealth's Attorney, Mr. Smith has displayed as much of real worth and merit as the best of them all. No more could be said, no less should be said. In going before his constituents, asking for an endorsement of his stewardship, he is but following a precedent set by long years of custom. Frankly, we believe the mark of public approval should be attached.

J. W. GRAY ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY FOR J. P. O. C.

In this issue will be found the announcement of James W. Gray as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Peace, District No. 5, composed of Beda, Bedford, Bartlett and Heflin precincts. Mr. Gray resides in the Bartlett Precinct. He is a progressive farmer, 52 years of age and possesses the necessary qualifications to render a creditable performance of the important duties of the office to which he aspires.

WOODWARD AND KIRK SEVER PARTNERSHIP

The law firm of Woodward & Kirk, composed of E. M. Woodward and A. D. Kirk, due to the appointment of Mr. Woodward as Assistant General Counsel for the L. & N. R. Co., has been mutually dissolved. Mr. Kirk succeeds to the firm's business and will prosecute to comple-

tion all business heretofore entrusted to the firm. Mr. Kirk has also been tendered and has accepted the position of local Counsel for the L. C. R. R. Co., the L. & N. and the L. H. & St. L. Railway Companies.

CAUGHT BIG CATFISH

Noatley Jones, son of Mr. George P. Jones, residing about five miles above Hartford, in the Washington country, caught a catfish last Monday that weighed 51 pounds. The fish was 3 feet and 7 inches in length and its head almost 10 inches across. This was the largest fish to be captured in Rough River this year, in so far as our knowledge extends.

AIRPLANES CROSS COUNTY

Three aeroplanes, said to be enroute from Dallas, Texas, to Washington, D. C., flew over Ohio County Monday, two passing about midway between this place and Beaver Dam and the other passing over Beaver Dam. Two of them were in sight at the same time, while the third was about five minutes to the rear.

BASE BALL BRIEFS

An interesting ball game was played at the Park just below town last Sunday, between Beaver Dam and Moggs. Beaver Dam copped the long end of a short score by one marker, the tallies being 4 to 3.

The McHenry second string nine came over Saturday for a ball game with the local boys and lost by the count of nine to three.

Fordsville will be here Sunday for a game with the home aggregation, which will be called promptly at 2:30. This promises to be a hard fought battle.

TO THE VOTERS OF OHIO COUNTY

I hereby announce that I have withdrawn as a candidate for Tax Commissioner of Ohio County for the reason that we have had illness in our family, and to this date I have been unable to make any canvass whatever. The duties of my office will soon require all of my time and therefore render it impossible for me to make a canvass to an extent worth while.

I am truly thankful to my many friends throughout the County for the active interest they have displayed in my behalf.

I remain most respectfully, your obedient Servant,

D. E. WARD.

TRIPLETS

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Skeeters, of McHenry, are the parents of triplets, born Wednesday night. The three little girls are normal, of fair size and in apparent perfect physical condition. Dr. J. S. Smith is watching over the mother and her tiny daughters.

CONDIT-BENNETT

Mr. Haskell L. Bennett and Miss Martha L. Condit were united in marriage May 21st, at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. R. T. Harper officiating.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Condit, of near Heflin, a popular and highly esteemed young lady, while the bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Loyal P. Bennett, also of the Heflin country, an energetic and highly respected young man.

We join their many friends in wishing for them a life of success and happiness.

FIFTH SUNDAY SERVICES

Rev. T. T. Frazier, the pastor, will preach at the Hartford M. E. Church on next Sunday, both morning and evening at the regular hours. All are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. Ira Allen and children of East Hartford, left last week end for Chicago, Ill., where they go to join Mr. Allen who is employed in the windy city.

Miss Louise Smiser, who has been teaching in the Cunningham High School during the year just closed, stopped off here enroute to her home in Cynthiana, this week, to spend a few days with Miss Elizabeth Davidson. Misses Davidson and Smiser were classmates while in the University of Kentucky.

COOLIDGE URGES REGARD FOR LAW

Vice President Defines Our Real Menace As Radicalism.

New York, May 23.—Respect for the law and opposition to radicalism were urged upon Americans tonight by Vice President Calvin Coolidge in an address at the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary celebration of the New York Commercial.

Any class or organization, he said, undertaking to obtain for itself privileges not open to any other class or organization was hostile to American institutions and a menace to American liberty.

"There is a right of contract of agreement and association among individuals which is protected so long as the end sought is equal justice,"

THE REPUBLICAN ACT ENDS GRAIN GAMBLING

Mondell Explains Measure Reported By House Committee

Washington, May 23.—That the passage by the House of the bill restricting trading in grain futures will be of immense benefit to the farming interests of the country is the opinion of Representative Frank W. Mondell, of Wyoming, the Republican floor leader. He says:

"The committee has endeavored as I understand it, to retain a wide opportunity for dealing and trading, both in cash grain and in futures, and preserving that opportunity is a very important one, I think, for the grain trade and for the grain growers. On the other hand, the committee proposes to outlaw by prohibitive taxation certain purely speculative, purely gambling, transactions; transactions that do not, as a matter of fact, broaden or extend or widen legitimate trading in grain, but transactions which, in the opinion of many people, have a tendency to produce a condition of fluctuation in the market, harmful, alike, as they see it, to both the consumer and the producer.

"The desire of the committee has been, as I understand it, to differentiate between those transactions that are legitimate, even those that may be purely speculative, but necessary and helpful to the dealer and not harmful gambling. Whether the committee has accomplished this purpose in an ideal way I do not pretend to say, but I believe they have approached their task with an understanding of what was needed, and I am inclined to the opinion they have reached a sound conclusion.

I want to compliment the committee on having approached this matter from a perfectly sane view point, as it appears to me. There are folks who are misguided enough to believe that we should very greatly curtail opportunities to trade and speculate in commodities. I have never indulged in that kind of pastime myself.

I believe it would be most unfortunate for the producer of grain or of any nonperishable commodity of large production and consumption if we were to curtail unduly the opportunity to trade in those products, not only to trade in them, but to speculate as to the price of the commodity will be at some time in the future."

When the baby takes too much food the stomach turns; the result is indigestion, sourness and vomiting. Frequently the bowels are involved and there are colic pains and diarrhoea. McGee's Baby Elixir is a grand corrective remedy for the stomach and bowel disorders of babies. It is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

U. S. SOLDIER'S BIG PAY

Gen. Foch, head of the allied troops gets 33,000 francs a year. An American second Lieutenant at Coblenz gets \$2300. Since the rate of exchange is 14½ francs to the dollar his pay equals 33,350 francs. It is said that the 15,000 American troops cost Germany more than the \$8,000 French. With a dollar worth from 60 to 65 marks the buck private getting \$36 a month has a greater income than some of the high German officials. And he lives that way. A fine meal can be purchased for 30 marks—about 50 cents—and the privates along the Rhine live like gentlemen. Their officers say they also behave like gentlemen, a drunken soldier being rarely seen.

PREFERENCE FOR SOLDIERS

Washington, May 23.—Senator Gooding of Idaho, the new Republican colleague of Senator Boran, would help the American soldiers who participated in the war against Germany by putting thru Congress a bill to give preference right of employment on construction work on United States reclamation projects to honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines.

The Gooding measure provides:

'That not only men, but also women who served in the Army or Navy of the United States in the war with Germany and have been honorably separated or discharged therefrom or placed in the Regular Army or Naval Reserve shall have preference in employment upon such projects constructed by the United States Reclamation Service: Provided, That they are found to possess the capacity necessary for the proper discharge of such duties: Provided further, That the rights and benefits conferred by the bill shall not extend to any person who having been drafted for service under the provisions of the Selective Service Act shall have refused.'

ed to render such service or to wear the uniform of such service of the United States.'

PRONOUNCE THE ZEPPELIN A FAILURE

French officers at Paris assert that the German Zeppelin proved a failure during the war, as made evident by the publication of the figures in Berlin. It appears that 83 of this big type of aircraft were sent out altogether and that 66 of them were destroyed, a fearful percentage. Of this number 34 were brought down by the allies, 13 burned, 10 smashed while landing, four fell thru motor trouble, two were ruined getting into the hangars, one was struck by lightning and one blown out to sea.

WELFARE DEPARTMENT FAVORED BY FESS

Washington, May 21—Proposals by President Harding for a Department of Public Welfare have been put into the form of a bill by Chairman Simeon D. Fess, of the House Committee on Education, and will soon be considered and reported.

The Fess bill provides that the head of the new department shall be a Cabinet officer and that the department shall contain these divisions:

"A division of Education, which, under the general supervision of the Secretary shall have charge of the educational functions and activities of the department and shall, by investigation, publication, and such other methods as may be authorized by Congress, promote the development of schools and other educational and recreational facilities for the instruction of children and illiterate adults, the training of teachers, and the Americanization of those persons in the United States who lack knowledge of our language or institutions.

"A Division of Public Health, which, under the general supervision of the Secretary, shall have charge of the health functions and activities of the department and shall, by investigation, publication and such other methods as may be authorized by Congress protect and promote the public health.

"A Division of Social Service, which, under the general supervision of the Secretary, shall have charge of the social welfare functions and activities of the department.

"A Division of Veteran Service, which, under the general supervision of the Secretary, shall have charge of the soldiers' and sailors' insurance, compensation, rehabilitation, and pension functions of the department.

The Story of Our States

By JONATHAN BRACE
X.—VIRGINIA



THE EARLY history of Virginia revolves about the name of Capt. John Smith. It was his indomitable spirit which enabled the settlement at Jamestown to survive the privations and difficulties that encompassed it during those first years. There in 1607 was made the first permanent English colony in America. The charter given by King James I to what was known as the London company, under whose auspices Jamestown and the later Virginia settlements were founded, designated that this colony should extend 200 miles north and 200 miles south of Old Point Comfort and stretch westward to the sea. Under the reign of Charles II it was considered such an important colony that it was called the fourth dominion of his empire, that is, England, Scotland, Ireland and Virginia. From this Virginia was often called the Old Dominion. The name Virginia itself means the virgin land and was so called after Queen Elizabeth, the "Virgin Queen." The early government of Virginia is of great interest. At first communism was tried, under which system the land and all property was owned in common and all profits were divided equally. This proved a disastrous failure. In 1619 the first real representative government in the colonies was established, called the house of burgesses, which continued in force under varying fortunes until Virginia joined the Union and became the tenth state in 1788. Much might be written of the character of the early Virginian settlers and their great influence on American life. From Virginia has sprung two other states, Kentucky and West Virginia. Even so, the state's present area is 42,627 square miles. Politically the Old Dominion state is entitled to twelve presidential electors. This is about the average of the southern states.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

HOUSE FIGHTING FOR BUDGET BY PRESIDENT

Takes View That He should Have
Chief Hand In Shaping Financial Program.

Washington, May 23.—Differences between the House and Senate as to whether power to make up the national budget shall be placed in the White House or the Treasury Department are being ironed out in conference, as the result of separate action on the bills put thru each legislative body.

The House bill creates two principal agencies, the bureau of the budget and the general accounting office. The House bill is built upon the principle that the President of the United States is the only official elected by all the people, and hence the only official who is pledged to carry out platform obligations of the party in power. Today he is the only official elected by all the people pledged to bring about economy in the Government service. He appoints, with the advice and consent of the Senate, the ten Cabinet members; he appoints the members of independent establishments. We do not appropriate money simply for the purpose of making appropriations; we appropriate money to carry out work planned for the Government. The President alone formulates this plan. He has very recently laid a part of his plan before us and before the country which it is proposed the Government of the United States must carry out, and in order to do so, certain appropriations must be made. The appropriations are necessary for the execution of that plan.

The President being the one official that makes the plans, it seemed to the members of the House committee, irrespective of the party to which they belong, that the President when he is making his work plans should take into consideration the cost of the execution of these plans.

DITCH LETTING.

Roy Muffet, et al.,
vs.—Advertisement of Letting
of Contract.
Petition for Public Ditch.

The undersigned Board of Drainage Commissioners of Ohio County, Kentucky, will on Monday, the 6th day of June, 1921, at 1 o'clock p. m. at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky, let to the lowest and best bidder, at public outcry, the contract for the construction of a public ditch or drain in said County, known as the Roy Muffet, et al., Ditch, the main ditch beginning at a stake at the mouth of what is known as the Railroad cut-off of Adam's Fork Creek, at the corner between E. M. Miles' Heirs W. H. Evans and W. P. Smith, and running in a general southwestern direction to Station 341 plus 35 on the land of the James Wimsatt Heirs, being a point at low water mark on Rough River, making a total distance of the ditch proper of 34,135 feet; and in addition the following laterals or arms viz: News Creek Arm: Beginning at a stake at the mouth of what is known as the Railroad cut-off of Adam's Fork Creek, at the corner between E. M. Miles' Heirs W. H. Evans and W. P. 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SHE WAS ALMOST NERVOUS WRECK

Covington Woman Says
Tanlac Has Made a New
Woman Of Her—Can't
Praise It Enough.

"I can recommend Tanlac with all my heart," said Mrs. Susie Medaris, 226 West 14th street, Covington, Ky., "for since taking the medicine I am enjoying the best of health and strength."

"For nearly a year I was almost a nervous wreck. I lost my appetite so completely that I had no desire whatever for food. I felt tired and worn out all the time and seemed to be losing all the energy I ever had. Of all troubles I think nervousness must be worse than anything else, for I never had anything before to give me half the worry and so completely rob life of all its pleasures."

"From the testimonials I saw where lots of people had been relieved of their nervousness and that gave me heart to try it. I took hold of my condition right at once and built me right up. In almost no time I began to relish my meals and regain my strength."

"Now I am full of energy, perfectly healthy and life is a pleasure to me. In fact Tanlac has truly made me a new woman and I can never praise it enough."

For a Weak Stomach.

Suggestion for a Camping Trip.

Buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy before leaving home. As a rule it cannot be obtained when on a hunting or fishing trip. Neither can it be obtained while on board the cars or steamships and at such times and places it is most likely to be needed. The safe way is to have it with you.

COMETS AND METEORS NOW DUE TO APPEAR

If you believe in signs and omens you want to get "skinned" now, for the very heavens are displaying unusual portents. At least two comets are now visible—not to the naked eye but thru the telescope. A third is on the time-table but it may have run off the track or been side-swiped by this time.

The most interesting of these comets is the Pons-Winnecke. This was first discovered by Pons in 1819 then it was lost and was rediscovered by Winnecke in 1858. It is a periodic comet and comes back every five years or so. On the present trip it happens to get to the crossing only a very short time before the earth gets there.

It is possible that our planet will

get a flick from the tail of the comet and that we will see stars as a result. The comet will be only several million miles away from us in June, and if it is any decent sort of a comet it will reveal itself to the naked eye. However, comets are such elusive and irresponsible affairs that we can't count on this; so no money will be refunded or rainchecks given under any circumstances.

In 1916, when this comet was here on its last visit, large numbers of meteors were observed. So the stargazers will be eagerly watching for the same sort of exhibition this time. In fact several unusually bright meteors have recently been seen, and they may be advance agents of the show.

The second comet now in view telescopically is the one discovered by Reid at Cape Town March 13. It is now in the neighborhood of the Big Dipper but it is moving so fast that it would be useless to go into further details. The third comet is the one sighted afar off last December by Taylor and Skejellerup, but we are not going to puff that comet as we do not believe it is reliable.

Astronomy has just had a severe loss in the death of Dr. William B. Brooks, of Hobart College, Geneva, N. Y., who was the world's champion comet hunter. He discovered his first comet with a telescope of his own making. He kept searching the heavens every clear night so that in 1912 he had a string of 27 comets to his credit, and he was given a gold medal.—Pathfinder.

For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.

GERMAN "ROBIN HOOD"

Max Hoelz, the red leader who is credited with raising more trouble in Germany than any other man, and for whose capture the government offered 100,000 marks, has been taken prisoner.

He got the name of "Robin Hood" from his practice of holding up rich men in Saxony and making them contribute to the upkeep of the red guard. He was captured in Czechoslovakia last year but escaped and took a leading part in the recent uprisings in middle Germany. Many parcels of explosives found in Berlin were said to have been sent by Hoelz and to have led to his capture.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls heal up quickly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio Counter.

BUSINESS METHODS PROMISED BY GOOD

Appropriations Chairman Says Budget System To Provide Means Of Disbursement.

Washington, May 21.—New and more economical means of conducting the affairs of the Federal Government are provided in the budget bill, according to James W. Good, chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, in a speech in the House. He says:

"I doubt if Congress will be called upon to pass legislation of greater consequence to the country than the bill which we are now considering. For a number of years men have been talking about a budget system, others have been writing articles on budgetary legislation, and it is now proposed within the next week or 10 days to place upon the statute books a bill that will bring about a practical realization of these hopes and expectations. We have been talking about economy in Government affairs and at the same time have been practicing extravagance. This has been true irrespective of the political party that has happened to be in power. The trouble has been that we have had no business system with which to conduct the fiscal affairs of the Government. The Government of the United States is the biggest business concern in all the world, employing more men, disbursing more funds than any other Government."

Do Your Best.

Everyone should do all he can to provide for his family and in order to do this he must keep his physical system in the best condition possible.

No one can reasonably hope to do much when he is half sick a good share of the time.

If you are constipated, bilious or troubled with indigestion get a package of Chamberlain's Tablets and follow the plain printed directions, and you will soon be feeling alright and able to do a day's work.

PAYING FREIGHT ON WATER

Many a farmer goes to the market to buy his food. This sounds strange; it is as surprising as if a carpenter hired someone to put a new roof on his house, or if a New England fisherman lived on canned salmon from Alaska. Yet it is true, and has been for years; but probably never before has it been so unwise as now.

The explanation is that thousands of farmers are specialists. The grain farmer raises grain, and buys his potatoes and other vegetables, which are often shipped from a distance.

The cotton farmer notoriously buys practically everything his family, his help and his work-stock eat. The fruit farmer buys his dairy products, and even the man who specializes in milk for creamery or cheese factory often sells all the milk and does not even make his own butter. Many dairymen sell their butter and eat of margarine bought at a store.

Specializing is a good thing, but not always. If carried too far it is a very bad thing. The farmer who has been depending almost entirely on other farmers to feed him, to grow the supplies for his table, while he was engaged in his one line, now finds himself at a big disadvantage.

An official of the department of Agriculture has said: "The American farmer is not going to be able this year to pay freight on water." He meant that water makes up a large part of fresh vegetables and fruits, and of the canned kind too, and the farmer who doesn't raise his own has to pay for the freight on water at a time when freight is higher than before and the farmer's financial condition is extra bad.

The advice of the official is for every farmer to grow his own table food, no matter what his main crop may be. Many farmers do not need this advice, for they have found long ago that homegrown vegetables are not only cheaper but usually better and always fresher. They are the kind of men who think and plan and watch all sides of a big business while they work. They are of the kind known as good managers in every line of business; they are thrifty; they do not lose sight of the little things, the side-lines, the by products—they watch the business from every angle.

But "thousands of farmers," said the official quoted above, "will be compelled to grow more of their own food on account of the increased transportation costs and lessened returns from the products they have to sell." The single-crop man is perfectly capable of growing potatoes and tomatoes for his own table. Not only that; he can grow berries and melons, have a few hives of bees, some fruit trees and walnut trees and things of that sort which will furnish delicacies for his table to go along with the necessities. The extra light labor could usually be furnished by

the farmer's children, who would be enthusiastic about such things, and who would in that way get good practical training in horticulture and develop a healthy interest in rural life.

The same thing is urged in regard to poultry, which is the quickest meat supply to produce, and on many a farm practically the only source of fresh meat during the spring and summer months. At the same time it is one of the best; in the city, where fresh beef is common, poultry is a delicacy—almost a luxury. Many of the farmers' wives have almost forgotten the buttermaking arts they learned from their mothers when they were girls, and they are advised to start again. A table well supplied with poultry and eggs, milk and butter is in a fair way of being independent of outside help.

The farmer who is now unable to sell his crops and must go to the market to buy his food is in a bad plight—and really he deserves it. He has "put all his eggs in one basket" and the basket has been dropped. Those farmers who "live at home"—that is, make their farms furnish their own food as well as their special crops—are in a much better shape in this crisis and usually are all the time. Those who will not heed good advice must suffer.

Hard times often bring good lessons of a practical sort, and many a man will come out of the present depression better prepared to take advantage of his opportunities in the future. He will have learned how to make himself more independent. The department of agriculture at Washington invites all farmers or others who need information or advice about producing homegrown food to write and ask for it. Many bulletins on such subjects are furnished free.—Pathfinder.

TWO WAYS TO TEST OIL

All that looks like oil is not oil. In these days of such intense interest in oil discoveries, any bluish film on the surface of oil is often mistaken for petroleum. This oil-like film is usually more noticeable on stagnant water and is generally a bacteriaceous scum. But to know for sure, the matter can be put to the test.

To determine whether a scum is bacterial or oil, take a stick and gently break the scum apart. Bacterial scum will break up and not join again, but oil scum will spread and then come together. Geologists state this is an excellent test. Another test is to let a drop fall on a hot stove cover. If it is oil it will smell of it. People who have visions of sudden wealth can thus easily ascertain whether their dreams will come true or not.

About Rheumatism.

People are learning that it is only a waste of time and money to take medicine internally for chronic and muscular rheumatism, and about ninety-nine out of a hundred cases are one or the other of these varieties. All that is really necessary to afford relief is to apply Chamberlain's Liniment freely. Try it. It costs but 35 cents per bottle. Large size sixty cents.

DISPLAY OF CLAIRVOYANT POWERS IS REMARKABLE

Most people are more or less skeptical about psychical phenomena, so-called communications from the spirit world, thought transference, etc., because there has been so much charlatanism, so much fakery and deception connected with these things. Yet no fairminded person will deny that spirits may communicate with mortals if the latter know how to perform their part, that certain individuals may possess extraordinary powers which enable them to look beyond the veil and learn of both past and future events, that thought may be telepathically transmitted or that various other things that cannot be explained on a basis of known laws may take place. Most people, however, are "from Missouri" so far as such matters are concerned, waiting to be shown beyond doubt or question.

There are numerous authentic records of apparently supernatural phenomena, events and performances which cannot be satisfactorily explained except by assuming that they resulted from the exercise of strange extraordinary powers. Some remarkable instances of this kind have been reported in a French psychical journal by Prof. de Vesme.

On the last days of July 1914, just before the World war was precipitated, we read, Count Hugo Baschieri, a Brazilian clairvoyant and physician, was with a number of friends in Paris. Suddenly he appeared to be deeply agitated and exclaimed: "What a quantity of blood will flow tonight! Look at the clock." When lamps were lighted all noted that the hands of the clock stood at 40 minutes past nine. The count then declared that either that night or the following day someone of great importance would be assassinated.

Morning newspapers the following

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A CASH OFFER

The Hartford Republican has made a special clubbing rate with the Memphis Weekly Commercial Appeal by which we will furnish both papers for one year for the low price of

\$1.75

The Commercial Appeal is one of the largest and best papers in the South and we hope to receive many new subscribers on this offer. One dollar and seventy-five cents cash for both papers. Send in your subscription now. Don't delay.

day announced that at 40 minutes earthquakes to some extent, as they past nine on the night of July 31 follow certain cycles and are related to sunspots and other natural physical phenomena.—Pathfinder.

WANTS AMERICAN STOCK

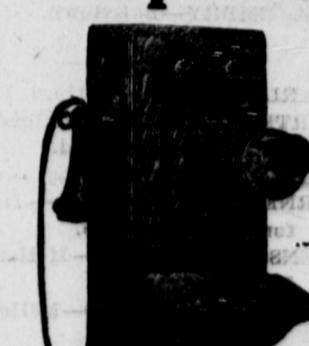
A law has been passed by which the government of Colombia will pay a third of the value of the live-stock of pure breed imported into the country. The importer has complete and private ownership of the animals but must present proofs of pure breeding and must retain possession for four years. It is said to be the desire of the government to secure fine stock from the United States.

While in Chile some 14 or 15 years ago Count Baschieri foretold the earthquake which destroyed Valparaiso, Santiago and other cities, indicating the day and hour when the tremor would come. When it failed to materialize at the exact time predicted the Chileans were so much irritated that the police had to be called to protect the Brazilian against violence. Shortly afterward, however, there was a terrific earthquake which tallied exactly with the prediction. After that the Chileans had so much confidence in the count's clairvoyant powers that even the president of the republic fell into the habit of consulting him on important public matters.

Talking on one occasion with a certain widow, Count Baschieri informed her that she would shortly marry again. Her future husband, he said, was at that time at Salonic. On being informed that the lady and the gentleman had never thought of marrying each other, the count assured her that she would meet the man in the street before going to Fontainebleau. Sure enough she met the man as had been foretold and the marriage took place within the time indicated.

Prof. de Vesme presents these and other performances of the Brazilian for what they may be worth but confesses that he can not account for them. They might all be merely coincidences, but even then they are astonishing. It is possible to predict

Telephones



No Need to Wait

I have telephones and supplies in stock. Make a specialty of repair work. If you need Wire, Brackets, Pins, Spools, Insulators, Insulated Wire, Lightning Arresters, Switches, or any part for a telephone, call, write or phone me. A few second hand phones in stock. Mutual phone No. 1.

W. G. Muffett
Beaver Dam, Ky.

CHURCHILL DOWNS



Thoroughbred Horses

MAY 7 to MAY 30

LOUISVILLE

Stakes:

KENTUCKY DERBY
Saturday, May 7th

DEBUTANTE
Saturday, May 7th

BASFORD MAMM
Wednesday, May 11th

CLARK HANICAP
Saturday, May 14th

KENTUCKY OAKS
Saturday, May 21st

KENTUCKY HANICAP
Saturday, May 28th

SPRING TRIAL
Saturday, May 26th

PROCTOR KNIGHT HANICAP
Monday, May 30th

THE country's oldest course in point of consecutive years of racing, Churchill Downs, opens for 1921 with the assurance of a memorable season.

Never before have there been so many horses of high class quartered at Louisville's historic course; seldom has interest in thoroughbred racing been so keen, and never, perhaps, has it been so wide-spread.

Come and enjoy some of this greatest of sports. In the programs and the arrangements for the comfort of patrons, you will find that the management has done its utmost to make everybody happy.

**Kentucky Jockey Club
Churchill Downs Course**

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The Hartford Republican

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FRIDAY..... MAY 27

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Circuit Judge

We are authorized to announce
R. W. SLACK
a candidate for Judge of the Sixth
Circuit Court District, of Kentucky,
November election, 1921.

We are authorized to announce
C. E. SMITH
a candidate for Commonwealth's At-
torney of the Sixth Circuit Court
District, of Kentucky. Election No-
vember 8th 1921.

For County and District Offices.

We are authorized to announce
the candidacy of the following citi-
zens, subject to the action of the Re-
publican party in the primary election
August 6, 1921:

For Representative.

IRA JONES—Arnold.
W. H. BAIZE—Hartford.
I. S. MASON—Buford.

For Circuit Clerk:

FRANK BLACK—Hartford R. 2.
V. A. MATTHEWS—Fordsville.
O. N. STEWART—Beaver Dam.

For County Judge:

MACK COOK—Hartford.
WINSON SMITH—Select.
W. S. DEAN—Dundee.
R. R. WEDDING—Hartford.

For County Attorney.

OTTO C. MARTIN—Hartford.

For Sheriff.

GEORGE P. JONES—Beda.
G. A. RALPH—Hartford.
B. C. RHOADS—Bartlett.
CAL P. KEOWN—Hartford.
CARL M. TAYLOR—Beaver Dam.
CICERO CROWDER—Select.
T. H. BLACK—Hartford.
MALEN D. HEFLIN—Centertown.

For County Clerk:

ROY H. FOREMAN—West Beaver
Dam.
ISOM MITCHELL—Bell's Run.
SEPT T. WILLIAMS—Rob Roy.
MODE SCHROADER—N. Rosine.
J. E. MITCHELL—Dundee.
E. G. BARRASS—Hartford.
M. F. CHUMLEY—McHenry.
JAMES A. TATE—Hartford.
M. A. EMBRY—Baizetown.

For Jailer:

CHARLIE SMITH—Hartford, R. 2.
WORTH TICHENOR—Hartford.
JOHN T. KING—Hartford.
S. A. LEE—Sunnydale.
BARNETT L. TINSLEY—Hart-
ford R. F. D. No. 5.

JOHNSON STEWART—McHenry.
ROUTE 1.
NATHANIEL HUDSON—McHenry.

For Tax Commissioner

ROY F. KEOWN—Fordsville.

For Magistrate,

(District No. 1)
J. P. McCOY—Hartford Route 2.
J. A. BOLING—Upper East Hart-
ford.

(District No. 2)

W. C. KNOTT—Centertown.
FELIX SHAVER—Ceralvo.
(District No. 3)

N. M. TAYLOR, Cool Springs.
O. E. SCOTT—Prentiss.
Q. B. BROWN—Simmons.
(District No. 4)

(District No. 5)

JAMES W. GRAY—Hartford, R. 5.
J. W. CHEEK—Askins.
(District No. 6)

J. A. EDGE—Dundee.
BUEL MIDKIFF—Hartford, R. 6.
MACK MARTIN—Sulphur Springs.
(District No. 7)

J. WALTER TAYLOR—Cromwell.
J. N. LOGSDON—Rosine.

We have a faint recollection of being told once during the late war to be neutral in thought, word and action, and we were also told to be non-partisan, but to vote the straight Democratic ticket. There was also a declaration of war, but somehow incidents like these are soon forgotten.

The Louisville Live Stock Exchange will conduct a sale of 300 head of purebred bulls in Louisville, June 2nd. As we understand the matter, the sale being conducted is without profit to those who are promoting it, as it is entirely for advancement of the movement for better sires, which is Nation wide. Progressive Farmers who wish to improve their breeds of cattle have an excellent opportunity to supply some much needed and purer blood within their herds. This sale is sanctioned by the United States Department of Agriculture and is also backed by the University of Kentucky, College of Agriculture. Communities throughout Ohio County would perhaps do well to send representatives to this sale and invest in some of the better class stock.

Please read the article in the current issue of the Herald, note what it has to say concerning the fair and nonpartisan manner in which the Democrats for eight years conducted the postal affairs. But what we want the Herald to do is, tell us of one plain instance in Ohio County, where in a single Republican has been appointed to a postmastership, worth while, during all of the boasted Democratic regime. We will broaden it, let it cover the whole of Kentucky, and aside from Elizabethtown and Russellville, tell us where a Republican received appointment as Postmaster, under your boasted civil service, as interpreted by the non-partisan Burleson, Wilson & Co. Yes, we heartily agree with the Herald, a system and a party should be judged by its fruits, and in this particular case nothing but fruit for the Democrats fell when the plum bushes were "shook." It sounds good and somewhat elevating though, for the saintly ones feeding from the public hand to refer to those who desire a chance in a division as "Office-hungry Republicans". Within the article the statement is made, in defense we presume, that "Instances here and there of injustice in the management of public affairs are inherent in the necessity of depending upon human instrumentalities". To that, like the Herald, we might say "Self condemned". Come on, give us concrete cases wherein Republicans have been appointed postmasters, or appointed to anything whatever, if you can and will. Then talk to us about the "Horde of office-hungry Republican friends."

All persons having claims against the estate of A. S. Keown, deceased, will present same to me, properly proven on or before July 1st, 1921 or they will be forever barred. Those knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please call and settle at once.

U. S. CARSON, Admr.

4713 Hartford, Ky.

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

Does the amount of life insurance you now carry provide adequate protection to those dependent upon you? Your life has a dollar and cent value. If you realize your responsibility to your family you will insure your life for what it is worth. See CAL P. KEOWN and insure in the State Mutual of Worcester, Mass., an old and reliable Company.

CAL P. KEOWN,
Hartford, Ky.

Mrs. S. E. Bennett and daughters, Miss Gussie and Mrs. Ollie Schickel, of Decatur, Alabama, arrived here yesterday to attend the funeral and burial of Mrs. W. G. Ward. They will probably visit here a few days before returning home.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

We have just opened a new blacksmith shop on the Centertown road, near rear of Tate's Restaurant. Plain shoes, \$1.50, toed shoes, \$1.80, all round. Give us a trial.

M. C. MURRY.

COOPER BROS.

On June 4th at 2:30 O'clock

This beautiful Sewing Machine
will be given away absolutely
FREE!

No purchase required. Any one
that receives a coupon can par-
ticipate in the awarding of this
Sewing Machine. Remember the
date, and be present at the store
at the time specified.

COOPER BROS.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

HEALTH BOARD TO AID CLUB GAMES

Agricultural College Has Asked Board
To Look after Sanitary
Arrangements

Louisville, May 21.—The State Board of Health will co-operate with the Extension Division of the State College of Agriculture in holding a series of Junior Agricultural Club Camps in several of the counties of the State during the months of July and August. Dr. P. E. Blackerby, director of the board's Bureau of County Health Work, announced here today.

The part the State Board will have in connection with the camps will be in furnishing co-operation in the matter of teaching personal school, home and community hygiene, together with demonstrations in first aid and the physical examination of each child in attendance on the camps.

In addition to this, by means of the various county health officers an effort will be made to have sites of the various camps as sanitary as can be arranged and to provide public health nurses to assist in demonstrations.

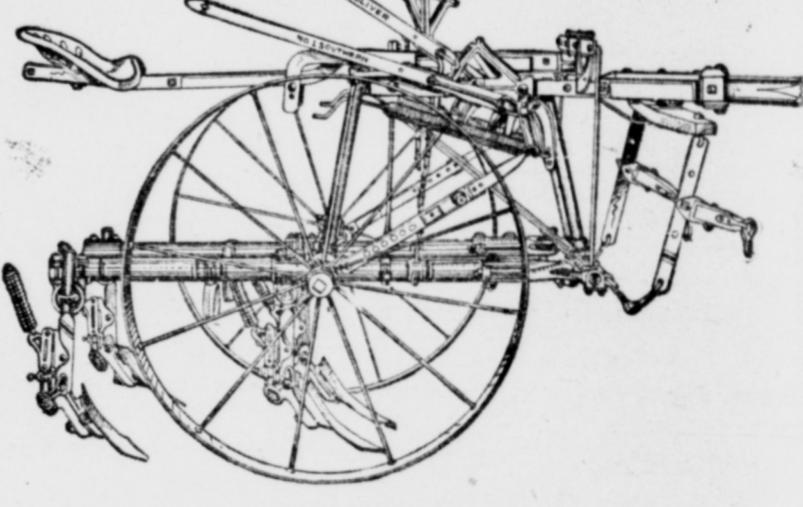
Three series of the camps will be held during the two months. The first will be held in Muhlenberg, Ballard, Graves, Union, Henderson, Daviess, Shelby and Jefferson Counties; the second in Simpson, Logan, Warren, Barren, Hart, Larue, Taylor and Marion Counties, and the third in Campbell, Rockcastle, Knox, Whitley, Laurel and Boyd counties. In several instances boys from counties adjacent to the one in which a camp is held will be invited to attend that camp.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS

Porto Rico and Nancy Halls. Fine plants. 200 for \$1.00; 500 \$1.75; 1,000 \$2.75, by mail postpaid. Express collect \$2.00 per M. Tomato plants same price. Plant circular free.

FRUITVALE NURSERIES

Albany, Alabama.



WE SELL

The Oliver, 6-Shovel Cultivator, easily adjusted to any weight driver. The Best Cultivator on the market.

We also have a complete line of Disc Harrows, Corn Planters, Plows and other farming implements of the best quality and make.

ACTON BROTHERS

Hartford, Ky.

ATTENTION FARMERS:

Lower prices on Lalley Farm Electric Light Plants, Two-Row Corn Planters, One Row Corn Planters, Riding Cultivators, Buggies, Wagons, Surrays, Pumps, Water Systems.

LUMBER

For quick shipment and estimates on building material, write us. We can furnish promptly, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Laths, Plaster, Lime, Cement, Nails, Paint, Windows, Doors, Glass, Felt Roofing, Red Cedar Shingles, Metal Roofing.

Write us a post-card for prices,
it might save you some money.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

JAKE WILSON, Manager.

**Come to Us
for Repairs**
Brakes lined
With Raybestos
Quick service—Moderate charges
HARTFORD MOTOR CO.,
HARTFORD, KY.

1500 Times Each Day in the U. S. A.

The greedy hand of fire seizes some home, barn or store.

How About Your Property?

Is it adequately INSURED? Is it properly SAFEGUARDED?

Every fire brings costly interruptions, danger and inconvenience, that can not be measured in dollars and cents.

The Continental Insurance Co.

furnishes insurance of the highest grade. Consult our agency.

PARKS & YEISER

Hartford, Ky.



Play-Day Suits

We handle an extensive line of Children's Play-Day Suits, just the kind to save the wear and tear of the better clothes. The celebrated and widely advertised SLIPOVA are exactly what you want. Price not high. Remember, you can buy

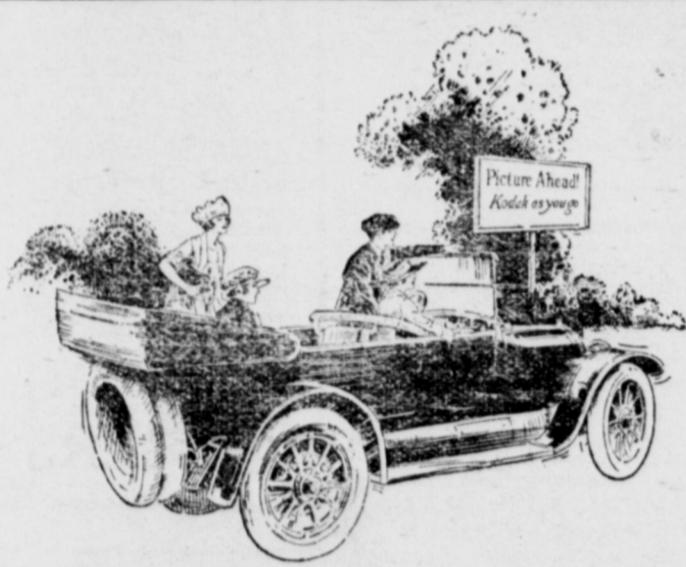
Middies for \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50
Romper Suits, 2 to 8 yrs., for \$1.00
Child's Wash Suits, \$1.50 to \$4.00
Middy Suits, 6 to 12 yrs., for \$3.50
Child's Gingham Dresses, for \$1.25
Misses' Gingham Dresses, 8 to 14 yrs., \$1.50
Boys' Unionalls for \$1.50 to \$2.50, etc., etc.

Child's Sandals

These are essential to a child's comfort at play. We are prepared with a splendid line of Sandals, Sox, Sun Hats, etc.

Let the children play out these sweltering days—but let them play in comfort. See us for comfortable "fixins." That's all.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS



The lens sees with you—the auto-graphic record remembers for you when you

Kodak as you go

Our store is so conveniently located that it is pretty sure to be "right on your way." Stop off a few minutes. The Kodak you want is here.

Kodaks from \$8.00 up
Brownies from \$2.00 up

BEAVER DAM DRUG CO.
"The NYAL Store"
Beaver Dam, Ky.

EAGLE "MIKADO" Pencil No. 174
MIKADO
Made in five grades
For Sale at your Dealer
ASK FOR THE YELLOW PENCIL WITH THE RED BAND
EAGLE MIKADO
EAGLE PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY..... MAY 27

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Furniture and Queensware. 42tf
J. D. WILLIAMS & SONS.

Plenty of Red Spot Paint and Varnish Stains at ACTON BROS. 47t2

Mr. J. D. Taylor of Route 3, Beaver Dam, was in town Monday.

Get your Goodyear Auto Casings at a big reduction in price of ACTON Bros. 47t2

Highest Cash Prices paid for eggs and poultry. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. Emmett Rend of Matanzas, was in town Monday, on a business errand.

Mr. E. F. Gabbert of Sunnydale, made a business call at this office Monday.

Miss Lourene Collins of Greenville, spent last week-end here with her parents.

SCREEN DOORS—Various sizes, at bargain prices. 47t4
WILLIAMS & TAYLOR.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Baize and family spent Sunday with relatives at Balzertown.

Attorney M. L. Heavrin was in Owensboro, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

See us for all kinds of grass and field seeds. Quality first. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

A dance was given at the Rink Friday night. Quite a large number were in attendance.

You can get your horses shod with plain shoes for \$1.50 at GILLESPIE BROS.

Miss Anna Rhea Carson is spending the week in Louisville, the guest of friends and relatives.

We have field fence, rabbit, poultry and barbed wire fence. 42tf
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Messrs. John H. and Frank Barnes of Beaver Dam, were in Hartford, Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Anderson of Route 2, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Anderson, Sunday.

Hercules and Delker Buggies. J. D. WILLIAMS & SONS, 42tf S. Corner Main St. Beaver Dam.

The Civic Welfare Committee will give an ice cream supper next Thursday evening on the Courthouse lawn.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Ellis spent from Saturday to Monday at Duke's, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Combs.

Coakley Taylor of Whitesville, spent the week-end here with his sister, Mrs. Howard Ellis and Mr. Ellis.

Mrs. Hoyt L. Taylor and infant and Miss Louise Smith of Fordsville, were guests of friends in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gillespie and children were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Timer Westerfield, on R. F. D. 2, Sunday.

WANTED TO TRADE—An automobile for good saddle and harness horse. 47tf
Dr. L. B. Bean, Hartford, Ky.

For Rugs, such as Ardley's Axminster, Tapestry, Brussels and Limo-leums see ACTON BROS.

Mrs. W. C. Schlemmer and children, City went to Cannelton, Ind., last week, where they will remain two weeks visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. E. V. Iler, who has spent the winter with a daughter near Long Beach, Cal., returned the first of this week to Beaver Dam, where she will remain for some time.

Parke Taylor, who has a position with the State Highway Commission, located at Lewisport, spent Sunday here with his mother, Mrs. W. M. Hudson and Mr. Hudson.

Two-row Corn Planters and Riddi-cultivators are offered by The FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL CO. at very attractive prices just now. Get busy and write them for prices.

48t2

Davenettes, Davenett Suits—some classy ones at ACTON BROS. 47t2

Mrs. Robert Lauterwasser of East Hartford, went to Cannelton, Ind., last week to spend two weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook will go to Owensboro today to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Henderson Murphree and Mr. Murphree.

Edward Ford, who has a position with the Federal Reserve Bank in Louisville, visited friends and relatives in Hartford last week.

Mr. Walter H. Parks, City, is spending the week in Marion County, in connection with his duties as Federal Land Bank Appraiser.

Mesdames Rodney Reid, Coza Du-pey and Bert Reid, of Rockport were here yesterday attending the funeral and burial of their aunt, Mrs. Griffin.

Hon. Alvis S. Bennett, of Louis-ville, is spending several days with his father Mr. W. G. Ben-nett and other relatives in Hartford.

Gayle Taylor, after spending some time in Hartford, returned to Chicago, Ill., Tuesday, where he resumed his position with the I. C. R. R. Co.

Mr. T. H. Black and daughter, Lola Geneva, Prof. Henry Leach, Misses Winnie Wilson and Gladys Bennett attended the Mother's Day Services at Hickory, last Sunday.

Have you done your spring house cleaning? We have all the implements with which to do it. Brooms, mops, soap and washing powders of all kinds. WILLIAMS & TAYLOR.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Hancock and little daughter of Leitchfield, came down Tuesday to be present at the funeral of Mrs. Hancock's aunt, Mrs. Inez Griffin. They will return home today.

Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Wade and family, of Barlow, Ky., came up Tuesday to be with Mrs. Wade's father, Mr. R. C. Hudson, of Buford. Mr. Hudson is seriously ill and not expected to recover.

On and after this date we will make round trips to Owensboro three times each week, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, with our truck. Will haul freight and packages. 47t2
LIKENS & LEACH.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Smith of Hodgenville and Miss Bessie Gillespie, Louisville, attended the funeral of Mrs. Inez Griffin at this place yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Smith arrived here Tuesday.

Mr. John H. Barnes President of the Beaver Dam Deposit Bank, accompanied by Mrs. Barnes and their son, Malcom, left Tuesday for Battle Creek, Mich., where they expect to spend a month or more.

Mr. W. M. Potts, who has been visiting relatives in Burkburnett, Texas, for a considerable time, returned to his home near Olaton, Tuesday. Mr. Potts was accompanied home by his daughter, Mrs. Martha Smith and son.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Hamlet re-turned Wednesday from Scottsville, this state, and Westmoreland, Tenn., where they had been to visit relatives. They were accompanied home from the latter place by Mr. Hamlet's sister, Mrs. Smith McCormick.

Miss Evelyn Fair Thomas, City, who was a member of the faculty of the Livermore High School during the year just closed, left Saturday for Chicago, Ill., where she is attending a Business School. Mrs. Thomas, her mother, will be with her during her stay in the city.

Public Sale—Every Second and Fourth Saturday in each month, we will hold a Public Sale at the Court-house Square, Hartford, Ky. Bring in anything you have to sell and we will find you a buyer.

PARKS & YEISER,
Hartford, Ky.

Our old friend, Arthur Petty, who formerly resided here and at one time was a member of the force in this office, but now Foreman in the job printing department of the Henderson Gleaner, Henderson, Ky., visited his mother, Mrs. R. R. Wedding and Judge Wedding City, Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Shannon Daugherty of Flint Springs, was in town Monday. Mr. Daugherty is about 75 years of age and was born and reared in the immediate neighborhood of his present place of residence. His visit to Hartford Monday was the first time he had been in the County Seat during the past 28 years.

LET MUNSINGWEAR UNION SUIT YOU



Munsingwear's Right From Morning Till Night

From the minute you slip it on in the morning until you take it off at night Munsingwear stays in place and gives the utmost in underwear comfort.

MUNSINGWEAR MAKES GOOD BECAUSE IT'S MADE GOOD

Because of the perfect fit, finish and fabrics, plus its habit of outwashing, outwearing and outlasting expectations, it has a nation-wide reputation for good value.

Our stocks for spring and summer offer you a splendid assortment to choose from. We can properly union suit you in a variety of styles and fabrics. Get your summer supply now.

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

FORD

Produces 4,000 Cars Per Day!

Present Production Greater Than For Same Period Last Year

Ford is building cars at full speed. And, according to an official statement from the factory at Detroit, the demand for Ford cars and trucks still exceeds the output, despite the fact that a new high production has been reached.

By the first of May the figures representing daily production were in the neighborhood of 4,000 a day, so the May schedule was set at 101,125 cars and trucks, not including the output of the Ford Canadian plant or any of the foreign assembly plants. The output mounted daily; May 12th brought forth 4,092 cars, the greatest number that have been produced this year in one day. Since the month has 25 working days, present indications point to a new high record.

A comparison of Ford production figures for 1920 and 1921 discloses the fact that for April, 1921 the output was greater by 34,514 cars than for the corresponding month a year ago. The output for May, 1921 will probably overshadow May, 1920 by between 15,000 and 20,000 cars and trucks.

Approximately 43,000 men are at work in the Detroit plant of the Ford Motor Company. The factory is operating on full time, six days a week and three shifts a day.

"We were never in better condition than we are right now" said Henry Ford recently.

Beaver Dam Auto Co.,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Investigation Conducted On Black Head of Turkeys.

Lexington, May 23.—Investigations are being conducted by the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station for the purpose of finding some practical remedy which will prevent and control "Black Head," the most serious disease of turkeys. This trouble which has proved to be the greatest obstacle in the turkey-raising industry in the State is caused by an organism which affects the intestines and liver.

Many Farmers Keep Records Of Crop Production Costs.

Lexington, Ky., May 23.—One hundred farmers are keeping cost production records on tobacco and more than 25 are keeping similar records on all farm operations in co-operation with the College of Agriculture and the United States Department of Agriculture, according to Prof. W. D. Nichols, head of the Farm Economics Department. Those keeping tobacco records are equally divided between the Burley and dark tobacco growing areas. The records will be used in determining the cost of raising various farm crops.

New Circular Answers Fertilizer Questions.

Lexington, Ky., May 25.—When rock and acid phosphate are compared on unlimed soils the greatest crop increases are obtained from the use of rock phosphate while the use of lime in connection with the comparison reverses the results, according to Circular No. 97, entitled "Phosphates for Kentucky Soils," which has just come off the press at the College of Agriculture.

The publication is a comparison of the different forms of phosphate which, soil specialists state, is the fertilizer most needed on soils outside of the Bluegrass region after the application of lime. Rock phosphate, the cheapest source of phosphorous, was compared with acid phosphate, the most commonly used of any phosphatic fertilizer. The tests were conducted on fields located at Greenville, Lone Oak, Mayfield, Russellville, Berea and Paris and involved 40 corn crops, 34 soybean crops, 27 wheat crops and 24 clover crops produced during the three to eight years in which the fields were under experiment. The circular may be obtained free by writing the Experiment Station, Lexington.

The ant may be a model of thrift and industry, but no housekeeper desires this particular model around her home. The following methods for exterminating the pest are given by the Bureau of Entomology, United States Department of Agriculture.

The most effective way of ridding a house of ants is to find and destroy the nest by treating it with gasoline or kerosene. Or, if the nest itself can not be found, oftentimes the ants may be traced to the opening or crack through which they enter. Squirting kerosene into it or plugging it with cotton saturated with the oil will in many cases drive them away.

A temporary expedient for controlling ants is to moisten small sponges with sweetened water and place them where the ants are most numerous. Attracted by the sugar, they will crawl into the sponges and may be killed by dropping it into boiling water. The sponges should be baited again with the sweetened water and, if necessary, set in different places until the colony leaves the house.

A more effective, but also more dangerous, method is to moisten the sponges with a syrup made by dissolving 1 pound of sugar in 1 quart of hot water and adding 125 grains (about 1-4 ounce) of arsenate of soda. Some of the ants apparently carry this poisoned liquid back to the nest and feed it to the others there, thus gradually killing the entire colony. This mixture must be used with the greatest care, as it is poisonous to both human beings and domestic animals.

Ants are attracted by various food substances, especially fats and sugars; therefore these foods should be kept in closed containers and crumbs or small amounts spilled on shelves or tables cleaned off at once.

Measuring Cup and Spoons.

Cake making is not "pure luck." A half-pint measuring cup (glass or metal) for measuring the flour and sugar and a standard set of measuring spoons for measuring the butter and baking powder will help in following a new recipe, say specialists in the Experimental Kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Shelled And Ear-Corn Have Same Feed Value.

Lexington, Ky., May 21.—Shelled and broken-ear corn are about equal in feeding value for fattening steers, according to results of experiments conducted by the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station and presented at the recent annual spring meeting of Kentucky feeders and breeders.

Two lots of teen steers each were fed similar rations for 140 days with the exception that one lot received shelled and the other broken ear corn. The first lot gained a total of 2,730 pounds at a cost of \$14.23 per hundred pounds of gain while the second lot which received the broken-ear corn gained a total of 2,640 pounds at a cost of \$14.21 per hundred pounds gain. Cottonseed meal, corn silage and straw were fed in addition to the two kinds of corn.

Pooling Products Helps Cooperative Marketing.

The pooling of products sold thru cooperative organizations is an important feature of cooperative marketing. Specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture have found. By pooling is meant averaging the returns received for products sold during a certain period, or for certain shipments, so that each grower having products of the same grade receives the same price. The success of pooling system depends upon the observance of uniform grading and packing of the products.

This method of operation, it is said, protects the individual member from loss because of unfavorable market conditions of a temporary nature. Some farmers marketing organizations, especially grain-elevator companies, purchase the member's products outright. Conditions and practices in grain marketing make such a plan feasible, but organizations handling other products usually find it to their advantage to pool shipments and await returns before making payments to the growers.

In this way the association is relieved of speculative risks, the avoidance of which is highly desirable. Cooperative creameries, which proportion to the members monthly, in accordance with the amount of butter fat each has delivered the preceding month, the returns received for products sold less operating expenses, are good examples of pooling.

The length of the pooling period varies with the products handled and the local conditions. Thus there are car lot, daily, weekly, semimonthly, monthly, and seasonal pools.

Successful storage of potatoes, says the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture, is dependent on such factors as the quality of the tubers stored, the temperature at which they are held, the moisture content of the air, the size of the storage piles, and the exclusion of light. The proper temperature ranges from about 35 degrees to 40 degrees F.

Cooperative marketing produces results not by means of any magical power but by applying united effort and good business to common problems. This fact points to the importance of observing carefully the requirements for success.

The planter—the farmer—needs to reduce the cost of transportation; the laborer to provide homes and cheap living; the merchant wants the country air. What opposes? Roads Bad Roads.—Dr. Seaman A. Knapp.

Money From Side Lines Minimizes Crop Failure

Numerous little stories of big achievement are encountered in going through the reports to the United States Department of Agriculture from home demonstration agents in the South. In estimating the money value of the returns reported in the various activities of the clubs it is necessary, of course, to remember that account seldom is taken of the land value, interest on investment, board and lodging, and such things, although credit for labor at the current rate of pay is set down in most cases.

However, the value of the achievements rests upon something more important than money—the fine community effect, the leadership developed, the improvement in living standards, the general around rise in agricultural morale. It is impossible not to be deeply impressed by the work reports of some of these Southern women and girls, results accomplished very often under conditions of unusual difficulty and discouragement.

An example of what may be accomplished under the stimulus of the home demonstration work and with encouragement and co-operation in the home is afforded by the case of Mrs. Jim Dorris, of Bear, Ark., who enjoys the hearty cooperation of her husband in the work she is doing.

With from three to six cows this couple sold last year \$458.85 worth

of milk and \$495.75 of butter, and from 69 hens \$249.80 worth of eggs. This \$1,200 from side lines, coming in through the year, is important on any farm, and in many cases is a form of insurance against crop failures.

American Rats Are Finicky

A starved rat will eat anything from a strip of lead pipe to an old boot, but a well-fed rodent, such as we have in the United States, is often inclined to be finicky in the matter of food. Rat-poisoning campaigns often fail because the house owner does not give his intended victims a sufficient variety of edibles. Specialists of the Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture urge a rat-control campaign in America, and they stress the importance of catering to the rodent's tastes.

Rat baits may be divided into three classes: Meat foods, vegetable foods, and cereals. In mixing his baits the successful poisoner selects a food from each of the three classes, and combines it with barium carbonate in the proportion of one part poison to four of food. Then he puts a teaspoonful of each variety on a strip of paper, or bit of board, so that the rat, traveling along his runway, finds a three-course meal all laid for him. Usually one of the three baits appeals to him, and the rat population is reduced by one.

Poisoned baits should be watched carefully, and uneaten baits replaced by others of the same class on the following evening. In this way a wide selection of foods may be used without departing from the basic combination. All baits must be kept fresh and tempting. You can't catch rats by smearing a dab of poison on a bit of stale bread and then putting it in some out-of-the-way corner.

Barium carbonate is the poisoning agent recommended by the specialist, as it is tasteless, odorless, and can be obtained at any drug store. Full directions for its use, and a complete list of the food combinations suitable for a poisoning campaign can be obtained upon request to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Seaman A. Knapp, who established the first farm demonstration in the South used to give these instructions to field agents: "Some farmers have peculiar views about agriculture. They farm by the moon. Never try to change this. Let them believe in farming by the moon or the stars if only they will try our methods. It doesn't pay to waste breath on such matters."

Can agricultural conditions be changed by simply talking? No. By demonstration? Yes.

Dehorned Cattle Easier To Handle In Feed Lot

Dehorning cattle makes it easier to handle the animals and insures that each one will have a more equal chance at the feed trough. It renders the animals less dangerous to attendants and prevents them from goring one another in the field lot or in transit to market. The practice of dehorning is almost universal so far as high grade beef steers are concerned. It is often desirable to dehorn the heifers as well as the steers, especially when they are to be fed in troughs for a part of the year.

Calves may be dehorned when a few days old by treating the undeveloped horns with caustic soda or caustic potash, taking care that it does not wash into the eyes.

If the horns are allowed to develop it becomes necessary to cut them off. Clippers made for the purpose may be used on the younger animals. With older cattle a saw is best, as it prevents crushing, and the friction of the blade causes the blood vessels to clot and heal quickly. The work should not be done in warm weather, as the wound may become infested with screw worms. Where there is danger of flies, a fly repellent should be applied.

What Do You Think, Is a Well-Furnished House?

Well-furnished houses are not cluttered up with things which may be useful or attractive in themselves, but which nobody uses or enjoys. They are, rather, those that contain only things necessary for convenience in working, and for comfort and satisfaction in living, and no more.

A house that is well planned, perfectly convenient and comfortable, will also be beautiful. Beauty does not lie so much in the ornaments put on a thing as in the perfect adaptation of that thing to the use for which it is intended.

If a woman tries sincerely to arrange her house according to this idea of adaptation to use, she need not worry about its being "pretty," say household experts of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. She may not be rich enough to have expensive things, but if she uses harmonious colors for her walls, floors, and up-

holstery, and chooses furniture for its good design and comfort rather than for its ornamentation, her house can scarcely fail to be restful and attractive. And if with limited means she succeeds in making a convenient, comfortable, and attractive home out of an unpromising, inconvenient farmhouse, she has more to be proud of than if, with the help of an expensive decorator, she had achieved good effects in a house equipped with all modern improvements.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Ohio Circuit Court.
Myrtle B. Arnold, Admrx., Plaintiff,
vs. Notice of sale.

Godfrey L. Arnold, et al., Defendants.
By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered in the above styled action at its May term, 1921, directing me as Commissioner of said Court to sell the hereinabove described property for the purpose of paying the indebtedness of Georg J. Arnold, deceased, and for the further purpose of paying the costs of this action and the cost of this sale and dividing the remainder of the proceeds among those entitled thereto, I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the Court House door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday June 6, 1921, at about the hour of one o'clock P. M. (It being the first day of the regular term of the Ohio County Court) upon a credit of six months the following described property:

A certain house and lot lying and being in Horse Branch Ohio County, Kentucky, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in the Illinois Central Railroad Company's line; thence E. with said line 60 feet to a stone; thence about North 300 feet to a stone; thence a western course 60 feet to a stone; thence about south 300 feet to the beginning containing 1800 square feet.

A driveway 8 feet by 100 feet on the west side of said lot is reserved. Being the same property conveyed to Geo. J. Arnold, deceased, by Dr. J. S. Bean and wife, on June 20, 1919 which deed is on record in deed book 58, page 186 Ohio County Clerk's office.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale with security to be approved by the commissioner, payable in six months, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date until paid. Said bond to have the force and effect of a judgment. A lien will be retained on the land sold herein to further secure the payment of said bond.

Given under my hand this the 17th day of May 1921.

OTTO C. MARTIN, M. C. O. C. F. A. Lochry, Attorney.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Ohio Circuit Court.
W. J. Mercer, et al., Plaintiffs,
vs. Notice of sale.

S. B. Huff and Samuel Woody,
doing business under the
firm name and style of Huff
Coller Company, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered in the above styled action at its March term, 1921, directing me as special commissioner of said court to sell the hereinabove described property for the purpose of paying the judgment of plaintiffs against the defendants in the sum of \$400.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from Nov. 13, 1919, until paid, and the costs of this action and cost of this sale I will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the mines of the defendants near McHenry, Ky., on Saturday June 4, 1921 on a credit of six months the following described personal property or of a sufficiency thereof to satisfy the judgment of the plaintiffs herein, viz: 7 bank cars, one set of scales, 15 bank railings, two pieces of sheet iron, four tons of steel rail, one anvil, two sets of coal screens, three shive wheels, and one lot of bank ties, being the property of the defendants and now in their possession.

Calves may be dehorned when a few days old by treating the undeveloped horns with caustic soda or caustic potash, taking care that it does not wash into the eyes.

If the horns are allowed to develop it becomes necessary to cut them off. Clippers made for the purpose may be used on the younger animals. With older cattle a saw is best, as it prevents crushing, and the friction of the blade causes the blood vessels to clot and heal quickly. The work should not be done in warm weather, as the wound may become infested with screw worms. Where there is danger of flies, a fly repellent should be applied.

FOR LIVE-STOCK BILL

Washington, May 23.—It is likely that at the present session of Congress will be passed a bill creating a Federal livestock commissioner in the Department of agriculture, which has been reported favorably by Chairman Norris of the Senate Committee on Agriculture.

Of the meat packers Senator Norris says:

"Furthermore, the peculiar circumstances under which it is operated, with a multitude of producers on the one hand and a very limited number of packers and distributors on the other, lend themselves readily to monopoly. It was felt, therefore,

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.
Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.
Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.
1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.
1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.
4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.
Judge—Mac Cook.
County Att'y.—A. D. Kirk.
Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.
Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.
Superintendent—E. S. Howard.
Jailer—Worth Tichenor.
Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.
Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.
Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets first Tuesday in April and October.

1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.
2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.
3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.
4th District—G. W. Rowe, Center-town.
5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Baize town.
6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.
7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.
8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.
Clerk—J. A. Howard.
Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.
Marshal—E. P. Casebeer.

ROCKPORT

Chm'n. Board—W. G. Her.
Clerk—N. H. Bratcher.
Police Judge—S. L. Fullerson.
Marshal—Ed. J. Bratcher.

EXAMINATIONS

Common School Diploma May 14 and 15 at Hartford, Beaver Dam and Fordsville.

May 21 and 22—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

May 28 and 29—County Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (Colored).

June 18 and 19—County and State Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (White).

June 25 and 26—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Sept. 17 and 18—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

Sept. 24 and 25—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms
Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimonial FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you.

Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help the little ones healthy and happy.

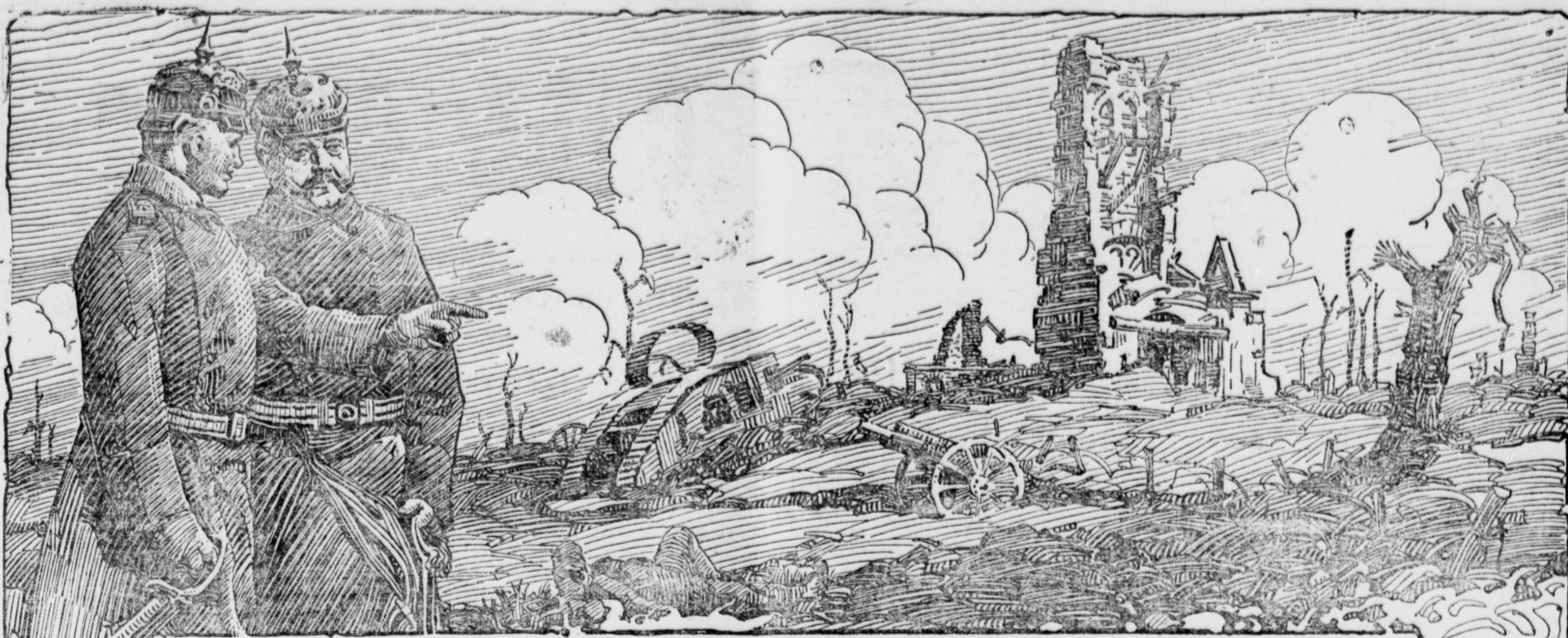
30¢ a bottle at druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send 30¢ in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly.

E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

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USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.



"Behold The Triumph of the Prussian Schoolmaster"

WHEN von Humboldt was asked how to develop a great Prussian Empire, he replied: "Whatever you would put into the life of the nation, you must first put into the schools of the nation."

This advice was followed. Militarism, the glorification of force, the idea of the German super-state, and the ethics of the jungle went into the schools. And when von Moltke led the triumphant hosts of Prussian militarism through the streets of conquered Paris, he remarked: "Behold the triumph of the Prussian schoolmaster."

Wrong Education Wrecked the World

Germany scrapped civilization by wrong education. In two generations she transformed a gentle, God-fearing, peace-loving people into a ruthless horde of war-mad fanatics.

This kind of education glorifies might and physical prowess, while it despises the gentler virtues of humility, truth, and honor. It exalts the ethics of the jungle and considers, as Nietzsche did, the ethics of Jesus as fit only for "women, and cows, and Englishmen."

Thus it trained a generation to believe that the

supreme interest is the state, that war is a legitimate activity, that might—military, industrial, physical—is the final arbiter of all things. So when at last "Der Tag"—the day—arrived, the product of the Prussian schools marched across Belgium, spurred on by their preacher's declaration: "We execute God's almighty will, and he calls us to murderous battles, even if worlds should thereby fall in ruins."

Are Americans willing for the Prussian tendency now manifest in our education to become dominant?

Christian Education Can Save the World

Over against Prussianism, Christian education accepts the principle that right makes might and implants deep in the soul the fundamental principles of religion—love for God, faith in Jesus Christ, justice, humility, love.

Christian education is necessary to civilization and the world's salvation. It alone can produce a generation of men devoted to righteous principles of personal, social, national and international action. It alone can give us

Christian leaders to lead the world aright. It alone can furnish men and women to do the Christian work of the world.

Germany had no Christian colleges, and she ruined the world. The Christian Education Movement of the M. E. Church, South, proposes to give America the best system of Christian colleges in the world. Will you back this program?

A \$33,000,000 Christian Education fund will be raised between

May 28th and June 5th

Send your contribution now to the pastor of any M. E. Church, South.



This space donated to the cause of Christian Education by

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